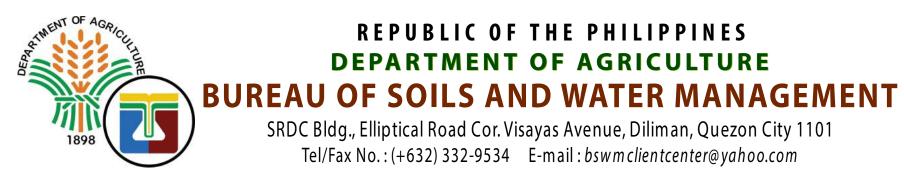
LAND SUITABILITY MAP

CASSAVA

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS

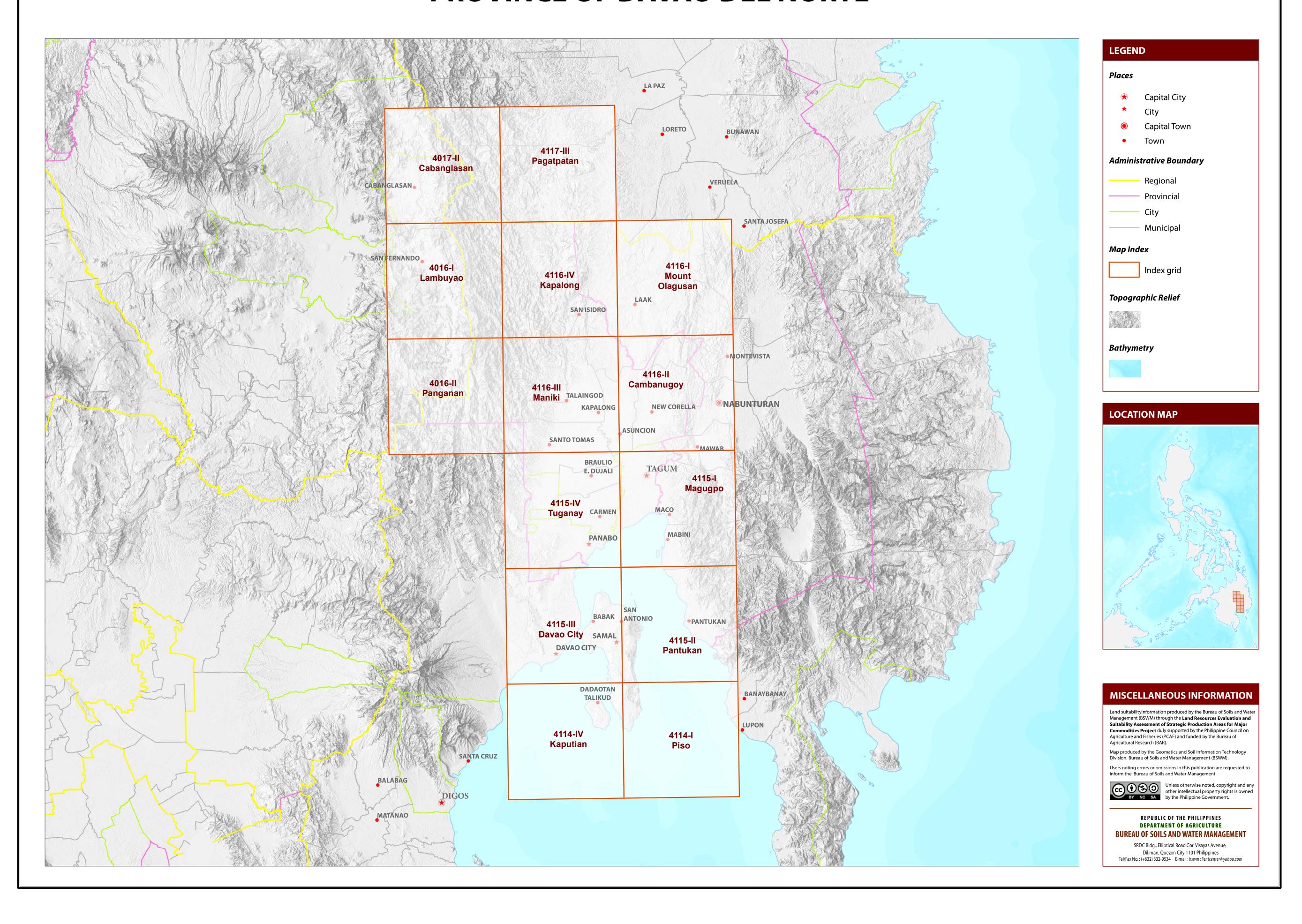
PROVINCE OF DAVAO DEL NORTE





MAP INDEX

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS PROVINCE OF DAVAO DEL NORTE



LAND SUITABILITY MAP FOR **CASSAVA**

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS DAVAO DEL NORTE, REGION XI

EXTENT OF SUITABILITY FOR CASSAVA PRODUCTION BY MUNICIPALITY

					EXPANSION AREA (Ha)						CONFLICT RESOLUTION AREA (Ha)								TOTAL
MUNICIPALITY	EXISTING CASSAVA (Ha)			TOTAL EXISTING AREA (Ha)	Coconut		Shrubland, unmanaged*		Grassland, unmanaged*		Banana		Corn		Mango		Other crops		POTENTIAL EXPANSION AREA (Ha)
	S1	S2	S 3		S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	AREA (IIa)
ASUNCION	-	_	-	-	1,656	1,894	295	971	779	1,553	3,261	525	86	24	28	8	65	25	11,169
BRAULIO E. DUJALI	-	_	-	-	26	-	-	-	123	-	3,280	-	84	-	-	-	-	-	3,513
CARMEN	-	-	-	-	1,297	33	2	2	1,695	72	3,867	283	1,477	9	21	4	94	140	8,995
CITY OF PANABO	-	-	-	-	1,270	2,021	20	30	203	516	10,124	4,269	228	2	51	140	99	145	19,119
CITY OF TAGUM	-	_	-	-	7,670	1,772	-	-	402	58	1,811	95	10	8	-	-	87	13	11,927
ISLAND GARDEN CITY OF SAMAL	-	-	-	-	6,918	11,888	52	197	246	112	3	28	13	6	208	69	-	21	19,761
KAPALONG	-	-	-	-	61	9	244	2,936	617	4,252	5,519	775	99	82	504	47	1	2	15,147
NEW CORELLA	-	_	-	-	445	805	107	329	49	48	3,571	243	161	73	11	7	1,427	5,075	12,353
SAN ISIDRO	-	_	-	-	72	104	152	1,166	1,262	3,743	1	5	-	-	-	-	58	104	6,667
SANTO TOMAS	_	_	-	-	267	16	355	882	306	966	8,506	323	525	34	284	59	240	38	12,802
TALAINGOD	-	_	-	-	47	47	34	531	256	2,562	323	463	_	3	-	-	_	-	4,267
TOTAL	-	_	-	-	19,729	18,590	1,259	7,044	5,939	13,883	40,266	7,009	2,683	243	1,106	334	2,070	5,564	125,718

Note: Delivery of cassava planting materials must be started on the onset of rainy season.

*establishment of shade trees prior to planting of cassava.

AGRONOMIC REQUIREMENT OF CASSAVA PRODUCTION

LAND UTILIZATION TYPE	SUITABILITY RATING	SLOPE (%)	SOIL DEPTH (cm)	SOIL TEXTURE	SOIL DRAINAGE	SOIL REACTION (pH)	INHERENT FERTILITY	FLOODING CLASS	EROSION CLASS	ROCK OUTCROPS	ELEVATION (masl)	ANNUAL RAINFALL (mm)	CLIMATIC TYPE
	S1	<8	>50	FSL, L, SiL, CL, SiCL, SCL, SC, SiC, C	WD,MWD	5.6 - 7.2	high	none-slight	none-slight	none-few	<500	1000-2000	I,II, III, IV
Cassava	S2	8 - 18	30 - 50	SL, HC	SPD, PD	5.1 - 5.5 7.3 - 7.8	medium	moderate	moderate	common	500-1500	2001-4500	II
	S3	18 - 30	<30	S, LS, CSL	VPD,ED	<5.0 - > 7.9	low	severe	severe	many	>1500	<1000 >4500	

	53	18 - 30	<30	S, LS, CSL	VPD,ED	<5.0 - >	7.9 low	severe	severe	many	>1500	>450	0
SLOPE (%	%)		SOIL DRA	AINAGE		SOIL REA	ACTION (pH)		SOIL TEX	TURE			
0 - 3	- level to gently sloping		ED	- excessively drained		< 4.5	- extremely acid		Coarse			Fine	
3 - 8	- gently sloping to undu	lating	WD	- well drained		4.5 - 5.0	 very strongly acid 		S	- sand		SC	- sandy clay
8 - 18	- undulating to rolling		MWD	- moderately well drain	ed	5.1 - 5.5	- strongly acid		LS	- loamy sand		SiC	- silty clay
18 - 30	- rolling to moderately s	steep	SPD	- somewhat poorly drai	ned	5.6 - 6.0	- medium acid		CSL	- coarse sandy loam		С	- clay
30 - 50	- steep		PD	 poorly drained 		6.1 - 6.5	- slightly acid		SL	- sandy loam		HC	- heavy clay
> 50	> 50 - very steep		VPD - very poorly drained			6.6 - 7.2 - neutral			Medium				
						7.3 - 7.8	 mildly alkaline 		FSL	- fine sandy loam			
SOIL DEP	РТН (ст)		SURFACI	E IMPEDIMENT		7.9 - 8.4	- moderately alkaline		L	- loam			
0 - 30	- very shallow		ROCK OU'	TCROPS		> 8.5	- strongly alkaline		SiL	- silt loam			
30 - 50	- shallow		< 10%	- none - few					CL	- clay loam			
50 - 100	- moderately deep		10 - 30%	- common					SiCL	- silty clay loam			
> 100	- deep to very deep		> 30%	- many					SCL	- sandy clay loam			

LAND LIMITATIONS DESCRIPTION AND COMBINATIONS

ELEVA	ΓΙΟΝ		SOIL I	SOIL DRAINAGE					EPTH	SOIL EROSION			
El2 - 500 - 1000m or 2000 - 2500m			D2	D2 - Somewhat poorly drained to poorly drained					Shallow to mo	derately deep (30 - 100cm)	E2	- Moderate erosion	
El3 -<500m or > 2500m D3			D3	- Very poor	ly drained or excessive	ely draine	d Sh3	- `	Very shallow ((< 30cm)	E3	- Severe erosion	
SLOPE/TOPOGRAPHY			SOIL 7	SOIL TEXTURE					OUTCROPS		FLOODING		
T2 - Undulating to moderately steep			Tc	Rc2	-	Common		F2	- Moderate seasonal flooding				
Т3 -	Steep to very steep						Rc3	-	Many		F3	- Severe seasonal flooding	
CODE	LIMITATION	CODE	LIMITATION	CODE	LIMITATION	CODE	LIMITATION		CODE	LANDUSE	CODE	LANDUSE	
1	El2-Sh2-Rc2	11	T2-El2-Sh2-Rc3	21	T3-El2	31	T3-El2		4	Corn	134	Shrubs, unmanaged	
2	F2-D2	12	T2-F2-D2	22	T3-El2-E3-Rc2	32	T3-El2-E3-Sh3-Rc3		47	Vegetable	137	Rubber (T)	
3	F2-Tc	13	T2-F3-D2	23	T3-El2-E3-Sh2-Rc2	33	T3-El3		81	Coffee			
4	F3-D2	14	Т3	24	T3-E12-E3-Sh2-Rc3				85	Mango			
5	Sh2	15	T3-E3	25	T3-El2-E3-Sh3-Rc2				90	Pomelo			
6	Sh2-Rc2	16	T3-E3-Rc3	26	T3-El2-E3-Sh3-Rc3				91	Banana			
7	T2	17	T3-E3-Sh2-Rc2	27	T3-F3-D2				105	Fruit trees, mixed			
8	T2-E2-Sh2-Rc2	18	T3-E3-Sh2-Rc3	28	Т3				116	Coconut			
9	T2-E12	19	T3-E3-Sh3-Rc2	29	T3-E3				119	Oil palm			
	T2-El2-Sh2-Rc2	20	T3-E3-Sh3-Rc3	30	T3-E3-Sh3-Rc3				126	Grassland			

SUITABILITY CLASSES:

Highly Suitable (S1) Land having no significant limitation to sustained application of a given use, or only minor limitations that will not significantly reduce productivity or benefits and will not raise inputs above an acceptable level.

Marginally Suitable (S3) Land having limitations which in aggregate are severe for sustained application of a given use and will so reduce productivity or benefits, or increase required inputs, that this expenditure will be only marginally justified.

Moderately Suitable (S2) Land having limitation which in aggregate are moderately severe for sustained application of a given use; the limitation will reduce productivity or benefits and increase required inputs to the extent that the overall advantage to be gained from the use, although still attractive, will be appreciably inferior to that expected on class S1 land.

Not Suitable / Not Relevant Land having limitations which may be surmountable in time but which cannot be corrected with existing knowledge at currently acceptable cost; the limitations are so severe as to preclude successful sustained use of the land in the given manner. Existing forest, shrubland greater than 18% slope, irrigated paddy rice and miscellaneous land types such as built up areas, roads, etc are considered as not relevant.

CLIMATE TYPE

TYPE I: Two pronouced season, dry from November to April and **TYPE II**: No dry season with a very pronounced maximum rain wet during the rest of the year. Maximum rain period is from June to September

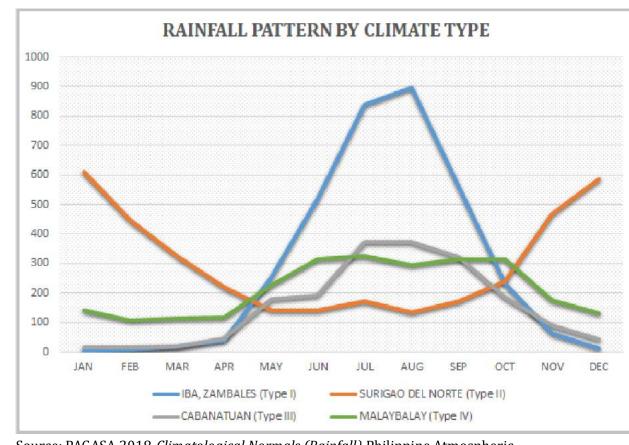
period from December to February. There is not a single dry month. Maximum monthly rainfall occurs during the period from March to May.

TYPE III: No very pronounced maximum rain period, with a dry season lasting only from one to three months, either during the period from December to February or from March to May. This type resembles Type I since it has a short dry season.

TYPE IV: Rainfall is more or less evenly distributed throughout the year. This type resembles Type II since it has no dry

season.

Davao Del Norte is classified as climatic Type IV.



Source: PAGASA 2018, Climatological Normals (Rainfall), Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA), accessed 27 July 2018, https://www1.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/index.php/climate/climatological-normals.

