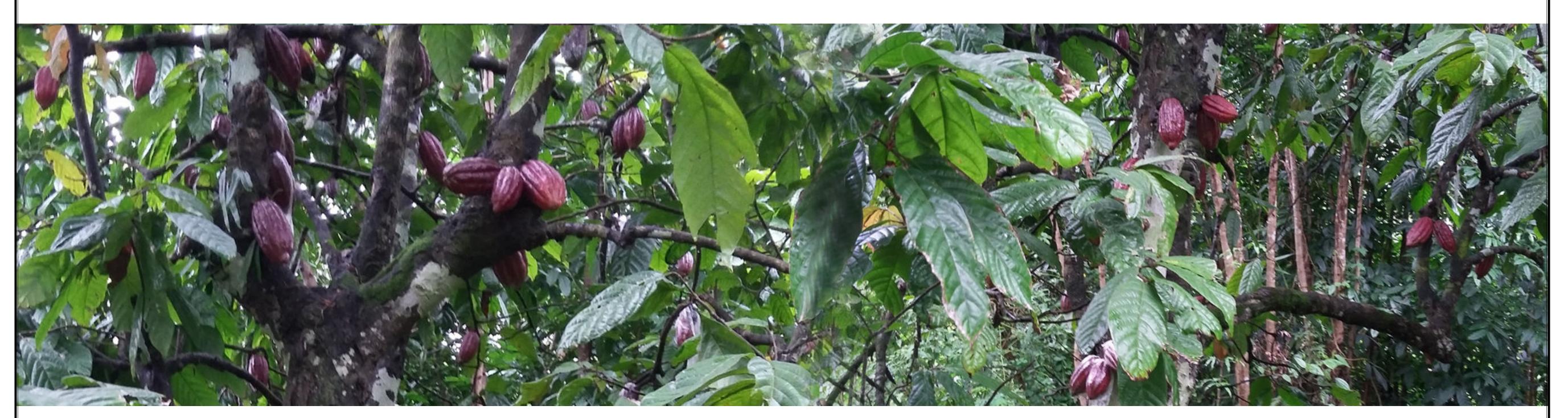
LAND SUITABILITY MAP

CACAO

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS

PROVINCE OF KALINGA

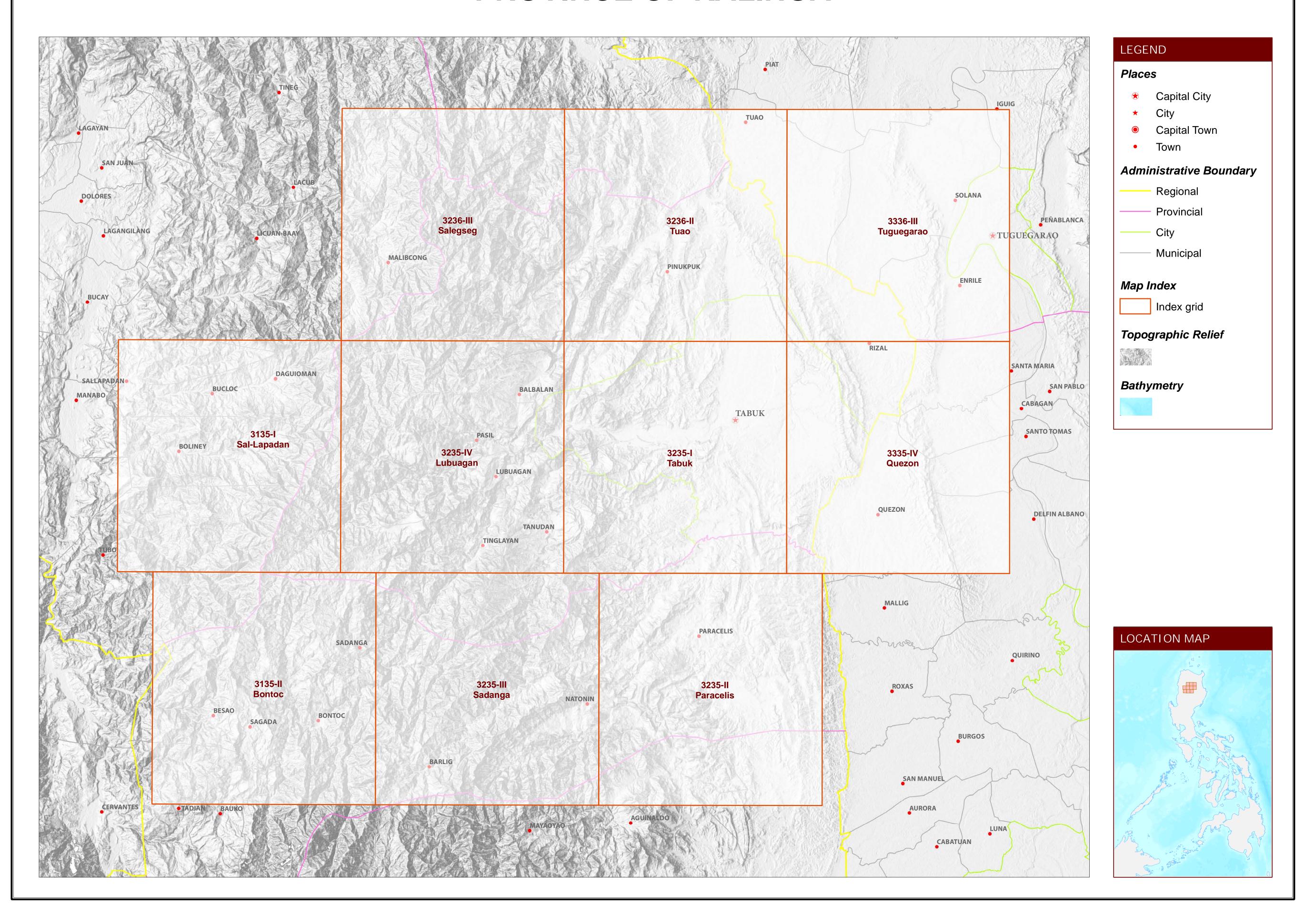




MAP INDEX

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS

PROVINCE OF KALINGA



LAND SUITABILITY MAP FOR CACAO

LAND RESOURCES EVALUATION AND SUITABILITY ASSESSMENT OF STRATEGIC PRODUCTION AREAS

KALINGA, CAR

- sandy clay

silty clay

heavy clay

- clay

EXTENT OF SUITABILITY FOR CACAO PRODUCTION BY MUNICIPALITY

			TOTAL EXISTING AREA (Ha)	EXPANSION AREA (Ha)					CONFLICT RESOLUTION (Ha)					TOTAL			
MUNICIPALITY	EXISTING CACAO (Ha)			Coconut		Shrubland, unmanaged*		Grassland, unmanaged*		Rice paddy, non-irrigated		Corn		Other crops		POTENTIAL EXPANSION	
	S1	S2	S 3		S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	S1	S2	AREA (Ha)
BALBALAN	-	-	11	11	-	-	108	15	8	8	7	-	7		-	-	152
CITY OF TABUK	82	1	175	257	-	-	2,393	8	13,149	66	7,304	-	7,199		-	-	30,120
LUBUAGAN	-	ı	83	83	-	-	24	1	23	8	-	-	97	11	-	-	162
PASIL	-	ı	36	36	-	-	-	1	7	-	-	-	39		-	-	46
PINUKPUK	103	ı	382	485	71	-	493	22	5,051	60	1,904	28	3,482	141	1	-	11,252
RIZAL	4	1	47	51	75	-	32		3,713		4,040	-	1,783		-	-	9,645
TANUDAN	-	1	11	11	-	-	682	46	1,110	58	188	7	707	98	-	-	2,895
TINGLAYAN	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	9	20	-	-	-	37	13	-	_	93
TOTAL	189	-	744	933	146	-	3,745	100	23,081	199	13,444	35	13,351	263	1	-	54,364

Note: Delivery of cacao planting materials must be started on the onset of rainy season.

*establishment of shade trees prior to planting of cacao.

AGRONOMIC REQUIREMENT OF CACAO PRODUCTION

LAND UTILIZATION TYPE	SUITABILITY RATING	SLOPE (%)	SOIL DEPTH (cm)	SOIL TEXTURE	SOIL DRAINAGE	SOIL REACTION (pH)	INHERENT FERTILITY	FLOODING CLASS	EROSION CLASS	ROCK OUTCROPS	ELEVATION (masl)	ANNUAL RAINFALL (mm)	CLIMATIC TYPE
	S1	<8	>100	CL, SiCL, SCL, SC, SiC, C, HC	WD,MWD	5.6 -7.2	high	none-slight	none-slight	none-few	<1000	2001-4500	I, III, IV
Cacao	S2	8 - 30	50 - 100	FSL, L, SiL	SPD,PD	5.1 - 5.5 7.3 - 7.8	medium	moderate	moderate	common	1000-1500	1000-2000	I, II
	S3	>30	<50	S, LS, CSL, SL	VPD,ED	<5.0 - > 7.9	low	severe	severe	many	>1500	<1000 >4500	

SLOPE (%) 0 - 3 - level to gently sloping 3 - 8 - gently sloping to undulating - undulating to rolling - rolling to moderately steep 30 - 50 > 50

SURFACE IMPEDIMENT ROCK OUTCROPS 0 - 30 very shallow 30 - 50 - shallow < 10% - none - few 50 - 100 - moderately deep 10 - 30% - common - deep to very deep > 30% - many

SOIL DRAINAGE SOIL REACTION (pH) ED < 4.5 excessively drained WD - well drained - moderately well drained

- somewhat poorly drained

- poorly drained

- very poorly drained

- extremely acid very strongly acid 5.1 - 5.5 strongly acid 5.6 - 6.0 - medium acid 6.1 - 6.5 slightly acid 6.6 - 7.2 - neutral 7.3 - 7.8 - mildly alkaline - moderately alkaline - strongly alkaline

SOIL TEXTURE Coarse - sand loamy sand - coarse sandy loam - sandy loam

- fine sandy loam - loam - silt loam - clay loam - silty clay loam - sandy clay loam

LAND LIMITATIONS DESCRIPTION AND COMBINATIONS

ELEVATION El2 - 1000m - 1500m El3 -> 1500m SLOPE/TOPOGRAPHY

T3 - Steep to very steep

T2 - Undulating to moderately steep

D3 - Very poorly drained or excessively drained **SOIL TEXTURE** Tc - Coarse texture

D2 - Somewhat poorly drained to poorly drained

SOIL DEPTH Sh2 - Moderately deep (50 - 100cm) Sh3 - Very shallow to shallow (< 50cm)

SOIL EROSION E2 - Moderate erosion E3 - Severe erosion

ROCK OUTCROPS Rc2 - Common Rc3 - Many

FLOODING F2 - Moderate seasonal flooding F3 - Severe seasonal flooding

CODE	LAND LIMITATION	CODE	LAND LIMITATION	CODE	LAND LIMITATION	CODE	LAND LIMITATION
1	E2-Sh2-Rc2	12	Sh2-Rc2	23	T2-El3	34	T3-El2-E3-Rc2
2	El2	13	T2	24	T2-El3-E3	35	T3-El2-E3-Rc3
3	El2-E3-Sh2-Rc3	14	T2-E3	25	T2-El3-E3-Rc3	36	T3-El2-E3-Sh2-Rc3
4	El2-Rc2	15	T2-E3-Rc2	26	T2-El3-E3-Sh2-Rc2	<i>37</i>	T3-El2-E3-Sh3-Rc2
5	El2-Sh2-Rc2	16	T2-E3-Sh2-Rc2	27	T2-El3-E3-Sh2-Rc3	38	T3-El2-E3-Sh3-Rc3
6	El2-Sh2-Rc3	17	T2-E3-Sh2-Rc3	28	T3	39	T3-El3
7	El3	18	T2-El2	<i>2</i> 9	T3-E3	40	T3-El3-E3
8	El3-E3-Sh2-Rc3	19	T2-El2-E3	30	T3-E3-Sh3-Rc2	41	T3-El3-E3-Sh2-Rc3
9	El3-Sh2-Rc2	20	T2-El2-E3-Rc2	31	T3-E3-Sh3-Rc3	42	T3-El3-E3-Sh3-Rc2
10	El3-Sh2-Rc3	21	T2-El2-E3-Sh2-Rc2	32	T3-El2	43	T3-El3-E3-Sh3-Rc3
11	Sh2	22	T2-El2-E3-Sh2-Rc3	33	T3-El2-E3		

SOIL DRAINAGE

CODE	LAND USE					
2	Non-irrigated rice					
4	Corn					
81	Coffee					
82	Cacao					
105	Fruit trees, mixed					
115	Mixed crops					
116	Coconut					
126	Grassland					
134	Shrubland, unmanaged					

SUITABILITY CLASSES:

Highly Suitable (S1) Land having no significant limitation to sustained application of a given use, or only minor limitations that will not significantly reduce productivity or benefits and will not raise inputs above an acceptable level.

Marginally Suitable (S3) Land having limitations which in aggregate are severe for sustained application of a given use and will so reduce productivity or benefits, or increase required inputs, that this expenditure will be only marginally justified.

Moderately Suitable (S2) Land having limitation which in aggregate are moderately severe for sustained application of a given use; the limitation will reduce productivity or benefits and increase required inputs to the extent that the overall advantage to be gained from the use, although still attractive, will be appreciably inferior to that expected on class S1 land.

Not Suitable / Not Relevant Land having limitations which may be surmountable in time but which cannot be corrected with existing knowledge at currently acceptable cost; the limitations are so severe as to preclude successful sustained use of the land in the given manner. Existing forest, shrubland greater than 18% slope, irrigated paddy rice and miscellaneous land types such as built up areas, roads, etc are considered as not relevant.

CLIMATE TYPE

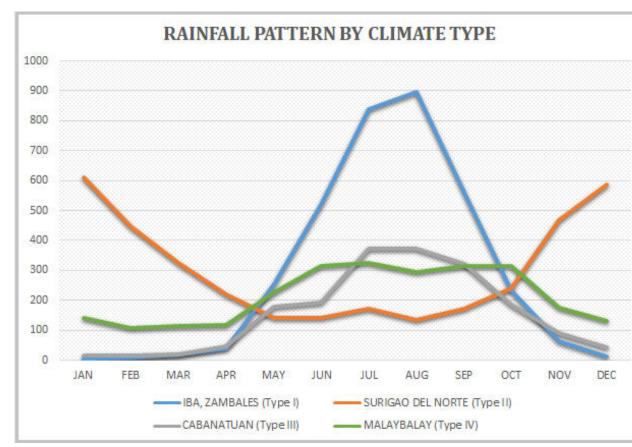
TYPE I: Two pronouced season, dry from November to April and **TYPE II**: No dry season with a very pronounced maximum rain wet during the rest of the year. Maximum rain period is from June to September

period from December to February. There is not a single dry month. Maximum monthly rainfall occurs during the period from March to May.

TYPE III: No very pronounced maximum rain period, with a dry season lasting only from one to three months, either during the period from December to February or from March to May. This type resembles Type I since it has a short dry season.

TYPE IV: Rainfall is more or less evenly distributed throughout the year. This type resembles Type II since it has no dry

Northeastern part of Kalinga mostly belongs to Type III climate classification and partly in the Western part belongs to Type I.



Source: PAGASA 2018, Climatological Normals (Rainfall), Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA), accessed 27 July 2018, https://www1.pagasa.dost.gov.ph/index.php/climate/climatological-normals.

